Provincial Distribution of Production.—Each of the provinces established all-time high positions in net value of production during 1948. Despite an advance of 12 p.c. in New Brunswick, the Province receded in relative importance, while Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island recorded increases proportionally greater than in Canada as a whole. The increase in net production in Quebec over 1947 was nearly 18 p.c.; gain in the Canadian total was approximately 21 p.c. The relative importance of this Province was less during 1948 than in the preceding year. Ontario, with a gain of 19 p.c. in 1948, lost ground in this comparison.

Each of the three Prairie Provinces also gained in this connection, recording gains of more than 30 p.c. over 1947 to establish new maxima and achieve a more favourable position in commodity production. The net output of British Columbia was 16 p.c. greater than in 1947, but the advance was less than in the country-wide total.

	1947 r				1948			
Province		Net Value				Net Value		
or Territory	Gross Value	Amount	P.C. of Total	Per Capita ¹	Gross Value	Amount	P.C. of Total	Per Capita ¹
	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$		\$
P.E.I. N.S. Que. Ont. Man. Sask. Alta. B.C. Yukon and N.W.T.	381, 124, 094 364, 943, 501 4, 142, 685, 426 6, 468, 596, 568 694, 207, 858	$\begin{array}{c} 19,493,244\\ 198,468,760\\ 183,102,027\\ 2,050,946,288\\ 3,148,517,907\\ 366,588,138\\ 458,040,217\\ 493,641,826\\ 761,385,115\\ 6,911,115\\ \end{array}$	2.38 26.68 40.96 4.77 5.96 6.42 9.91	207 320 373 553 752 493 544 601 729 288	$\begin{array}{c} 54,025,931\\ 478,572,001\\ 412,711,909\\ 4,963,714,368\\ 7,672,980,044\\ 889,879,959\\ 924,079,836\\ 1,073,361,412\\ 1,660,522,895\\ 13,338,497 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 204,384,387\\ 2,421,241,801\\ 3,744,622,952\\ 484,100,707\\ 614,515,972 \end{array}$	0.27 2.59 2.20 26.04 40.27 5.21 6.61 7.20 9.50 0.11	274 379 406 639 871 639 720 791 817 422
Canada	15,059,932,299	7,687,094,637	100.00	611	18,143,186,852	9,297,539,436	100.00	722

3.-Gross and Net Values of Production, by Provinces, 1947 and 1948

¹ Based on estimated population figures as given at p. 121.

Per Capita Production.—The total of net production per capita in 1948 recorded a new maximum of \$722 which surpassed the previous record of \$611 in 1947 by nearly 18 p.c.

Due to its pre-eminent position in industrial development, Ontario at \$871 was the leader on a per capita basis. The same outstanding position was characteristic of 1938 and 1944. The per capita return of British Columbia at \$817 was in second place in 1948. The same order existed in the pre-war year but Saskatchewan displaced the Pacific Province in 1944. With a per capita production of \$791, Alberta held third place in 1948, the same as in 1938; it had dropped to fifth place in 1944. Quebec maintained the fourth position in 1938 and 1944 but dropped to fifth in 1948. The per capita production of Saskatchewan varied greatly from time to time, depending on the farm output; the standing was fourth in 1948, second in 1944 and eighth in 1938. The production per person in Manitoba at \$639 was fifth in 1948. The Province retained the same order as in 1938 but was more favourable than during 1944.

New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island occupied sixth, seventh and eighth places, respectively, in 1948. Nova Scotia receded from sixth place in 1938 to seventh in 1944. New Brunswick advanced from eighth place in 1944 to sixth in 1946.